REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Danny Orazine, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of McCracken County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2005, on our consideration of McCracken County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other maters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the McCracken County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information and combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kemple CPA Linear LLP
Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Paducah, Kentucky October 12, 2005

MCCRACKEN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fiscal Court Members:

Danny B. Orazine County Judge/Executive

Zana Renfro Commissioner

Bob Grimm Commissioner

Ronnie Freeman Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Dan Boaz County Attorney

Cliff Gill Jailer

Jeff Jerrell County Clerk

Mike Lawrence Circuit Court Clerk

Frank Augustus Sheriff

Nancy Bock Property Valuation Administrator

Dan Sims Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Steve Doolittle County Administrator

Audra Herndon County Treasurer

Angie Brown Finance Officer

Owen Lynn Occupational Tax Collector

Shirley Valerius Jail Administrative Assistant

Management Discussion and Analysis

This section of McCracken County's financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The County issued \$6,025,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds (2004 Series) to advance refund \$5,950,000 of outstanding 1995 Series bonds. Total debt service payments over the next 22 years will be reduced by \$624,251, generating an economic gain (difference between the present values of the Debt Service payments on the old and new debt) of \$424,690.
- The County expended \$775,447 in federal grant funds during the fiscal year. This
 includes \$601,691 from the Department of Homeland Security and \$108,375 of a
 \$954,000 Community Development Block Grant passed through to the Easter Seals
 West Kentucky.
- The construction of a 60,000 square foot building leased by the City and County to the McCracken County Industrial Development Authority was completed, and the building was put into service on September 1, 2005.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. These statements consist of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This financial report also includes required supplementary information, which provides additional insight toward the understanding of the financial condition of McCracken County.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole. Both long-term and short-term information is provided to give the reader a view of the County's overall financial status. There are separate columns for the governmental and business-like activities, and they include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements by presenting the individual components of the County's government. Activities of the County are separated into funds, which are separate account classifications with a self-balancing set of accounts. These funds are grouped into three fund types: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental fund statements emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of available resources and are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The County has twelve governmental funds, which are used to report most of the County's basic services. There are seven major funds, which have been separately reported in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The major funds are the General Fund, Road Fund, Jail Fund, Sheriff's Fund, Federal Grant Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. The remaining funds have been presented collectively in the governmental fund financial statements. The individual information for these funds is presented in the combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of the report.

Proprietary funds are broken down into two fund types, which are enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report activities in which fees are charged to external users in exchange for goods or services (business-like activities). The jail canteen fund is an enterprise fund and is the only proprietary fund of the County. The jail canteen fund statements are presented using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as in the government-wide statements.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for others. Fiduciary Fund activity is not included in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use the assets for its operations. The County has five fiduciary funds: Car Rental Tax Fund, Unclaimed Monies Fund, Jail Inmate Fund, Transient Room Tax Fund, and the Industrial Development Authority Construction Fund. The assets and corresponding liabilities of these funds are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. The fund financial statement can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements. They provide additional information and expanded detail that is essential to obtaining a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-48 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information: This Management Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the County's major funds represent financial information that is required by the GASB. This information provides the users of this report with additional information that supplements the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 49-69 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information: Optional financial information is included in this part of the report. The combining statements for non-major funds, which are presented as a single column in the fund financial statements, can be found on pages 70-71.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets. Table 1 below provides a comparison of the Statement of Net Assets from 2004 to 2005. The County's combined net assets fell by \$1,202,093 or 2.3%. Net assets continue to decrease each year as annual depreciation expense accumulates on capital assets. Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2005 totaled \$2,944,772. In addition, there was a significant increase in public safety expenses for which there was no corresponding increase in revenue.

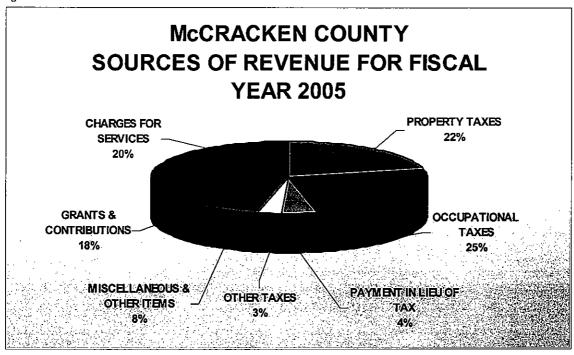
Table 1			acken Co let Assets	unty		
		ramental		ess-type		2 . 1
		tivities		vities 2004	2005	Cotal 2004
	2005	2004	2005			\$ 11,014,864
Current and other assets	\$ 10,331,283	\$ 11,000,897	\$ 2,364	\$ 13,967	\$ 10,333,647	
Capital assets	56, <u>02</u> 7,883	56,680,403	4,509	14,018	56,032,392	56,694,421
Total assets	66,359,166	67,681,300	6,873	27,985	66,366,039	67,709,285
Long-term liabilities	14,524,815	15,013,915			14,524,815	15,013,915
Other liabilities	1,708,129	1,366,230	21,425	15,377	1,729,554	1,381,607
Total liabilities	16,232,944	16,380,145	21,425	15 <u>,3</u> 77	16,254,369	16,395,522
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	47,826,284	48,025,403	4,509	7,296	47,830,793	48,032,699
Restricted	394,911	1,768,079	-	-	394,911	1,768,079
Unrestricted	1,905,027	1,507,673	(19,061)	5,312	1,885,966_	1,512,985
Total net assets	\$ 50,126,222	\$ 51,301,155	\$ (14,552)	\$ 12,608	\$ 50,111,670	\$ 51,313,763

Total assets decreased by \$1,343,246 from the prior year. As referred to above, capital assets continue to decrease each year due to the accumulation of annual depreciation expense. A decrease was also seen in current assets, which is attributable to the expenditure of \$563,873 in debt service reserve funds for the advance refunding of the County's courthouse addition bonds. Increases were seen in accounts and notes receivable due to outstanding grant reimbursements and new notes receivable from the City of Paducah.

Changes in Net Assets.

Figure 1 below categorizes the sources of funds for fiscal year 2005.

Figure 1



In fiscal year 2005, the County generated 54% of its revenue from taxes. Occupational tax, which includes both payroll tax and net profits tax, is the largest source of income to the County, totaling approximately \$4.6 million. It should be noted that only 22% of revenue was derived from property taxes. Although this is in alignment with the rest of the state, Kentucky and its local governments are limited in their dependence on property tax revenues compared to other state and local governments throughout the country. This is due primarily to the so-called House Bill 44¹, reflecting Kentucky law that limits increases in property tax revenue. While the statute allows the County to increase its revenue from property taxes by up to 4 percent, given the intense interest in the tax, the County has taken the "compensating rate²" for eight out of the past ten years. This tax rate, once imposed, produces the same revenue as the previous year. According to a study done by the Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center in 2001, Kentucky's

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¹ House Bill 44 of the 1979 special session of the Kentucky Legislature that amended KRS 132.

² "Compensating tax rate" means that rate which, rounded to the next higher one-tenth of one cent (\$0.001) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value and applied to the current year's assessment of the property subject to taxation by a taxing district, excluding new property and personal property, produces an amount of revenue approximately equal to that produced in the preceding year from real property. However, in no event shall the compensating tax rate be a rate which, when applied to the total current year assessment of all classes of taxable property, produces an amount of revenue less than was produced in the preceding year from all classes of taxable. For purposes of this subsection, "property subject to taxation" means the total fair cash value of all property subject to full local rates, less the total valuation exempted from taxation by the homestead exemption provision of the Constitution and the difference between the fair cash value and agricultural or horticultural value of agricultural or horticultural land.

state and local governments combined collected only 17.2% of its revenue from property taxes.³ The nation as a whole derives 30% of its revenue from property taxes and appears to be less reliant on occupational taxes. This data indicates the County's revenue flow is subject to volatility and fluctuations closely follow changes in the local economy.

Table 2 below shows the relatively flat nature of property taxes.

Table 2	McCrack Property T FY 20		•		
	FY	P	roperty Tax Receipts	т	otal Revenue
	2001		3,432,342	\$	19,298,243
	2002	\$	3,649,586	\$	17,894,240
	2003	\$	3,735,258	\$	17,895,706
	2004	\$	3,481,039	\$	17,481,894
	2005	\$	3,929,094	\$	18,264,371

Unlike property taxes which net a predictable stable sum from year to year nearly regardless of the economy, local occupational (income) based taxes can decrease rapidly following an economic downturn. Reductions in receipts will be seen within a quarter of the downturn. Economic events such as the closing of the USEC plant, which could occur within the next ten years, are certain to have an immediate and significant effect on the County's budget. Given Kentucky's design for county revenues, McCracken County has invested significant cash resources to development of the local economy expressed primarily through a variety of incentive strategies designed to attract new (or retain) employment in Paducah and McCracken County.

Table 3 below shows the County's investment in economic development over the past five years.

Table 3	Economic Develo	ken Coun pment Ex 001-2005	
	FY	I	Economic Development Budget
	2001	\$	100,000
	2002	\$	100,000
	2003	\$	150,000
	2004	\$	200,000
	2005	\$	450,000

³ <u>Financing State and Local Government: Future Challenges and Opportunities</u>. Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center. 2001 http://www.kltprc.net/studies1.htm.

Table 4 below provides a comparison of the County's operating results to the prior year.

4 (Go	Ch	cCracker anges in l imental A	Net	•	ly)		
		2005		2004_		Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	3,612,911	\$	3,068,655	\$	544,256	17.7%
Grants & Contributions		3,301,512		3,462,965		(161,453)	-4.7%
General Revenues							
Taxes		9,808,471		9,433,609		374,862	4.0%
Miscellaneous & Other		1,484,872		1,462,290		22,582	_ 1.5%
Total Revenue	\$	18,207,766	\$	17,427,519	\$	780,247	
Expenses:							
General Government	\$	13,202,297	\$	12,660,703	S	541,594	4.3%
Public Safety		3,237,216		2,512,030		725,186	28.9%
Health & Sanitation		260,563		220,576		39,987	18.1%
Social Services		470,045		980,751		(510,706)	-52.1%
Recreation & Culture		443,867		485,158		(41,291)	-8.5%
Highways & Streets		1,167,155		1,143,632		23,523	2.1%
Interest on Long-Term Debt		601,556		525,933		75,623	_ 14.4%
Total Expenses	\$	19,382,699	\$	18,528,783	\$	853,916	

Total revenue increased by \$780,247 from 2004. The most significant area of change in revenue from the prior year was seen in charges for services. State prisoner payments increased by approximately \$480,000 due to a rise in the state reimbursement rate from \$27.51 to \$30.00 in addition to a general increase in state prisoner population. Animal control services for the County and City of Paducah merged in August of 2004 and became a function of the County. Through an inter-local agreement, the City has agreed to reimburse the County for its proportionate share of expenses, which account for over half of the total cost of operations. Animal control reimbursement revenue for 2005 totaled \$74,524.

Total expenses increased by \$853,916 from 2004. Elevated general government expenditures were partially attributable to approximately \$225,000 additional funds needed in 2005 to accommodate the increase in the County's portion of retirement contributions. The County also contributed approximately \$200,000 to the Industrial Development Authority (IDA) for the construction of a new speculative building in the Industrial Park West. (This figure does not include the expenses incurred on behalf of the IDA, which were passed through a fiduciary fund.) Social services expenses decreased by over \$500,000 from the prior year due to grant contracts that were completed in the prior year. The considerable increase in public safety expenses was primarily due to the growing cost of jail operations. The public safety portion of jail expenses increased by over \$600,000 from the prior year. See the fund statement analysis below for an expanded discussion of jail operations.

Fund Statement Analysis

Combined fund balances for the County's governmental funds totaled \$6,023,271 at June 30, 2005, a 6.5% decrease from prior year. Table 5 provides a prior year comparison of fund balances for each of the County's major funds and the other funds combined.

Table 5				
	Mc(Cracken Cou	nty	
Fu		alance Comp	•.	
1		rnmental Fu		
		E 49-1		Increase/
		Fund Balan 2005	2004	Decrease
General Fund	\$	5,823,623 \$	5,722,114 \$	101,509
Road Fund		274,095	188,413	85,682
Jail Fund		(30,175)	(44,824)	14,649
Sheriff Fund		14,566	(30,355)	44,921
Federal Grant Fund		-		-
Debt Service Fund		-	564,139	(564,139)
Capital Projects Fund		(90,642)		(90,642)
Other Funds		31,804	47,790	(15,986)
Total governmental funds	\$	6,023,271 \$	6,447,277 \$	(424,006)

The fund balance of the General Fund represents 97% of the County's total combined fund balances because this is the primary operating fund of the County. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$101,509 from the prior year. The fund balances of the Road, Jail, Sheriff, Capital Projects and Other Funds represent the surplus/(deficit) that results from current receivables over current obligations. These balances denote future transfers to and from the General Fund. The debt service fund no longer carries a fund balance due to the elimination of debt service reserve funds in the current year.

Table 6				
	McC	Cracken Cou	nty	
	Reve	nue Compar	ison .	
		ernmental Fi		
		Gover	nmental Funds	
		2005	Revenue 2004	Change
General Fund	<u></u>	11,578,110 \$	10,884,822 \$	693,288
Road Fund		1,409,137	1,207,189	201,948
Jail Fund		2,252,051	1,726,420	525,631
Sheriff Fund		1,248,105	1,216,102	32,003
Federal Grant Fund		723,894	239,397	484,497
Debt Service Fund		172,460	238,320	(65,860
Capital Projects Fund		22,563	-	22,563
Other Funds		754,333	1,369,839	(615,506
	<u> </u>	18,160,653 \$	16,882,089 \$	1,278,564

The table above compares the revenue of each of the County's major funds and combined non-major funds to the prior year. The increase in general fund revenue is primarily attributed to combined increases in various forms of tax revenue. Occupational tax revenue increased by approximately \$327,000 from the prior year, while property taxes brought in an additional \$240,000. Road fund revenue increased due to additional rural secondary money granted from the State in the current year. As discussed at the government-wide level, jail fund revenue increased as a result of higher state prisoner reimbursements. Grant fund activity varies from year to year based on the availability of state and federal funding sources as well as the number of grantees that utilize the County as a pass-through agency to receive funding. Federal grant awards received in the current year included approximately \$600,000 in Homeland Security funds and a Community Development Block Grant in the amount of \$108,375. Decreases in revenues of other funds were a result of prior year awards accounted for in the state grant fund.

Table 7 below compares the expenditures of each of the County's major funds and combined non-major funds to the prior year.

	Expe	cCracker nditure (vernmen	Con	nparison	
		2005		2004	Change
General Fund	\$	6,729,231	\$	6,486,943	\$ 242,288
Road Fund		1,833,250		1,521,745	311,505
Jail Fund		4,698,735		3,875,409	823,326
Sheriff Fund		2,159,878		1,970,070	189,808
Federal Grant Fund		725,707		229,819	495,888
Debt Service Fund		1,552,875		632,221	920,654
Capital Projects Fund		909,033		-	909,033
Other Funds		946,449		1,496,623	(550,174)
	<u> </u>	19,555,158		16,212,830	\$ 3,342,328

The increase in road fund expenditures varies directly with funds granted by the State in the current year. The increase in debt service fund expenditures is attributable to the advance refunding on the courthouse addition bonds. Debt service reserve funds were expended and rolled into the proceeds of the new debt issue. Capital project expenditures increased due to the construction of a railroad spur, speculative building, and replacement of the jail's roof.

As mentioned in the government-wide analysis, the jail's operating costs increased significantly from the prior year, rising to nearly \$4.7 million dollars. Personnel costs

increased by approximately \$340,000 or 16.5% from 2004. Much of the increase in personnel costs is due to the increase in the County's match requirement for hazardous duty employees. Increases in retirement match requirements across all classifications of County employees are discussed later in this report. Expenditures for food increased by \$155,000 or 23%, and medical costs increased by \$235,000 or 70% from the prior year. Although increases in prisoner population have a direct impact on these costs, the County is searching for ways to operate more efficiently.

Similar concern for jails has risen across the state. Both the Kentucky Auditor of Public Accounts and the Governor's Office for Local Development (GOLD) have conducted surveys and performed data analysis in hopes of discovering ways jails can become more efficient. A recent compilation done by GOLD expresses the concern that revenues are not increasing at a rate sufficient to cover the rapid increase in expenditures. This is demonstrated by annual increases in transfers from the general fund required to subsidize jail operations. In 2005, jail funds across the state received 33.7% of their total receipts from transfers. In 2005, McCracken County's jail received \$2,461,333, or 52.2% of its receipts from transfers.

Table 8	General Fund Tr	ken Count ansfers to 001-2005	•	-
	FY		ansfers From eneral Fund	% of Total Jail Revenue
	2001	\$	1,872,271	51%
	2002	\$	2,226,700	57%
	2003	\$	2,066,422	57%
	2004	\$	2,085,240	55%
	2005	\$	2,461,333	53%

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Fiscal Court revises the County's budget as it becomes necessary during the fiscal year. During fiscal year 2005 two budget amendments were made to account for unanticipated capital projects. The first budget amendment accounted for \$550,000 in KACoLT proceeds, which were used to finance the construction of a railroad spur in Industrial Park West as well as the replacement of the jail's roof. The second budget amendment was made as a result of the construction of a new speculative building in Industrial Park West. The IDA had \$700,000 in note proceeds that were passed through the County, along with \$300,000 in KACoLT proceeds to finance the construction of the building.

Budget transfers were made each quarter to cover shortages on certain line items, but these transfers did not affect the total of overall budgeted expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2005, the County had \$56,032,392 in capital assets (net of depreciation) for both governmental and business-like activities. Capital assets include land and land improvements, buildings and building improvements, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

During the year, the County acquired \$4,002,106 in capital assets. Major additions include: \$2,416,981 for the County's portion of the building leased to the Industrial Development Authority in Industrial Park West, \$313,331 for the new jail roof, and \$455,711 in vehicles and equipment purchased with Homeland Security grant funds.

Debt Administration. The County had \$12,714,099 of debt outstanding at June 30, 2005. This amount excludes accrued compensated absences and landfill post-closure costs. As set forth in Section 158 of the Kentucky Constitution, counties having a population of fifteen thousand or more shall not incur indebtedness in excess of 10% of the value of their taxable property. The County is well within this limitation, with its debt approximating .005% of its assessed value.

As mentioned previously in this discussion, the County issued \$6,025,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds (2004 Series) to advance refund \$5,950,000 of outstanding 1995 Series bonds. Net proceeds of \$5,865,427, plus an additional \$563,873 of 1995 Series Debt Service Reserve Fund monies were deposited with an escrow agent to provide for all future payments on the 1995 Series bonds. The 1995 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the County's Statement of Net Assets. Total debt service payments over the next 22 years will be reduced by \$624,251, generating an economic gain (difference between the present values of the Debt Service payments on the old and new debt) of \$424,690.

During fiscal year 2005, the County entered into three agreements with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT). The County borrowed \$250,000 to finance the construction of a rail spur in the Industrial Park West, \$300,000 to finance the replacement of the jail's roof, and \$300,000 for costs related to the construction of a new speculative building in Industrial Park West. All three are five-year variable rate lease with monthly principal and interest payments. The County signed inter-local agreements with the City to equally share lease payments on the rail spur and the new speculative building construction costs.

Economic Factors and Other Potentially Significant Matters

Current economic conditions indicate an alarming increase in the cost of benefits provided to County employees. Over the past ten years, the required match for hazardous duty retirement contributions has averaged around 18%. For fiscal year 2005, the rate is 22.08%, and rate set for fiscal year 2006 is 25.01%. Providing this benefit has become so costly that hazardous duty retirement match now exceeds the cost of providing health insurance to the jail and sheriff's department. While the match for non-hazardous duty

employees is significantly lower, sharp increases are also being made to these rates. The rates are 7.34%, 8.48%, and 10.98% for fiscal years 2004, 2005, and 2006 respectively. If this trend continues, it could have a significant impact on the County's ability to meet the contribution requirements.

The county's E911 center funds its operations by charging a local monthly service fee on wireline telephones. The charges for service are insufficient for charges. Accordingly the city of Paducah and the county cover the deficit with transfers based upon each agencies proportional share of the service. The Kentucky Commercial Mobile Radio Services Board (CMRS Board) administers the CMRS fund for the purpose of implementing wireless emergency 911 service through out Kentucky. The CMRS collects \$0.70 per month from each cellular phone. When the proceeds are distributed, less than \$0.35 goes back into local systems for receiving wireless calls. In McCracken County this year, more than 50% of E911 calls will originate from wireless phones. As the number of cell calls received by our E911 center increases, funding decreases, and the County is faced with the dilemma of how to fund its E911 center in the future.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances to our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors. Any questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Finance Office, McCracken County Courthouse, 301 S. 6th Street, Paducah, KY 42003-1700.

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

			Primary	Government	
	Go	vernmental	Busi	iness-type	
		Activities	A	ctivities	Total
ASSETS AND RESOURCES	•				
Cash in bank	\$	5,734,411	\$	2.364	\$ 5,736,775
Accounts receivable (net):					
Taxes		3,046.997			3.046.997
Intergovernmental		1,233,271			1.233,271
Other		40,183			40,183
Due from proprietary funds		21,000			21,000
Notes receivable		255,421			255,421
Nondepreciated capital assets:					
Land		1,376,582			1,376,582
Depreciated capital assets (net):					
Buildings		17,040,856			17,040,856
Roads and infrastructure		35,976,714			35,976,714
Vehicles and Equipment				4,509	4,509
Furniture and equipment		1,633,731			1,633,731
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	\$	66,359,166		6,873	\$ 66,366,039
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		868,978		425	869,403
Due to governmental funds		,		21,000	21,000
Matured interest outstanding		85,322			85,322
Accrued payroll and related expenses		78,685			78,685
Deferred revenues		83,625			83,625
Long-term obligations:					
Due within one year:					
Outstanding bonds		242,819			242,819
Notes payable		197,500			197,500
Obligations under capital lease		151,200			151,200
Due beyond one year:		ŕ			
Outstanding bonds		5,174,751			5,174,751
Notes payable		6,335,176			6,335,176
Obligations under capital lease		612,653			612,653
Landfill post-closure costs		2,062,500			2,062,500
Accrued compensated absences		339,735			339,735
Total Liabilities	\$	16,232,944	\$	21,425	\$ 16,254,369
NET ACCETS					
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		47,826,284		4,509	47,830,793
Restricted for:		77,020,204		7,507	,550,.75
Accrued compensated absences		339,735			339,735
-		55,176			55,176
Debt Service Unrestricted		1,905,027		(19,061)	1,885,966
Total Net Assets	\$	50,126,222	- \$	(14,552)	\$ 50,111,670
LOTAL INCL MOSCIO	<u> </u>	70,120,222		(17,552)	 30,1,1,070

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues	s	Ne	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	cs ets
					I I	Primary Government	-
			Operating	Capital			
Functions/Programs	Kynonses	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 13,202,297	\$ 1,646,284	\$ 570,857	\$ 45,776	01) \$	69	\$ (10,939,380)
Public safety	3,237,216	1,848,075	880,313		(508,828)		(508,828)
Health and sanitation	260,563	93,793	55,806		(110,964)		(110,964)
Social services	470,045		331,502		(138,543)		(138,543)
Recreation and culture	443,867	24,759			(419,108)		(419,108)
Highways and streets	1,167,155		1,417,258		250,103		250,103
Debt service	601,556						(601,556)
Total Governmental Activities	19,382,699	3,612,911	3,255,736	45,776	(12,468,276)		(12,408,270)
Business-type Activities:	376 60	103 73				(97.178)	(97.178)
Jail Canteen	62,702	10,00				(011,12)	(37,72)
Total Business-type Activities	83,765	56,587				(2/,1/8)	(2/,1/8)
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,466,464	\$ 3,669,498	\$ 3,255,736	\$ 45,776	(12,468,276)	(27,178)	(12,495,454)
		Conorel Boyonnes	.501				
		Toyac:					
		Property to	oves. Property faxes levied for general numoses	al pumoses	4.678.180		4,678,180
		Occupational taxes	nal taxes	4	4,591,930		4,591,930
		Transient room taxes	oom taxes		538,361		538,361
		Miscellaneous:	3 :				
		Interest			120,511	18	120,529
		Excess fees	Ø		649,743		649,743
		Other			714,618		714,618
		Total Gener	Total General Revenues and Transfers	nsfers	11,293,343	18	11,293,361
		Change in	Change in Net Assets		(1,174,933)	(27,160)	(1,202,093)
		Net Assets - Beginning	ginning		51,301,155	12,608	51,313,763
		Net Assets - Ending	ding		\$ 50,126,222	\$ (14,552)	\$ 50,111,670
					ĺ		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

McCRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

				Major Funds	ınds		11.0		<u> </u>			F
	General	Road	Jail	Sheriff		Federal Grant	Debt Service	Capital Projects	z ģ	Non-Major Governmental	G ₀	lotal Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	 	Fund	Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 5,470,070	6 9	69	∽	<i>€</i> 9			\$ 120,891	1 \$	56,526	€9	5,734,411
Accounts receivable (net) Due from other funds Due from proprietary find	3,405,487 93,693	341,047	282,175	40,183	£8	146,638 536				65,700		4,281,230 94,229 21,000
Total Assets	\$ 8,969,250	\$ 341,047	S	\$ 40,183	83	234,098	69	\$ 120.89	_∞ -	122,232	÷	10,130,876
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable Die to other finds	\$ 139,160	\$ 54,990	\$ 307,358	\$ 8,731	731 \$	65,181 86.642		\$ 211,533	3 8	82,027	↔	868,980 94,229
Accrued payroll	23,845	11,962	25,992	16,886	98							78.685
Deferred revenues	2,982,086	:				82,275				1,350		3,065,711
Total Liabilities	3,145,627	66,952	333,350	25,617		234,098		211,533	ا اع	90,428		4,107.605
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Debt service										55,176		55,176
Other purposes Unreserved	5,823,623	274,095	(30,175)	14,566	999			(90,642)	2)	(23,372)		5,968,095
Total fund balances	5,823,623	274,095	(30,175)	14,566	999			(90,642)	(2)	31,804		6.023,271
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8.969,250 \$ 341,047	\$ 341,047	\$ 303,175	\$ 40,183	183	234,098	\	\$ 120,891	- -	122,232	\$	10,130,876

McCRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets:

\$ 6,023,271		56,027,883	255,421	3,021,300									(15,201,653)	\$ 50,126,222
								\$ 5,417,570	85,322	6,532,673	763,853	2,062,500	339,735	
Total Fund Balances	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets are \$123,812,945 and the	accumulated depreciation is \$67,685,238	Notes receivable are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds	Deferred property taxes are not available for use under the modified accrual basis of accounting as reported in the governmental funds.	Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current	period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	Bonds outstanding	Accrued interest on bonds	Notes payable	Obligations under capital lease	Landfill post-closure costs	Accrued compensated absences	Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	General	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Sheriff Fund	Federal Grant Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fees and fines Miscellaneous	\$ 9,179,967 280,771 1,337,758	\$ 1,183,117 222,690 3,330	\$ 270,006 1,603,599 378,446	7,000	723,894	\$ 171,134 1,326	22,563	\$ 215,221	\$ 9,179,967 2,873,706 1,337,758 3,067,394 1,701,828
Total Revenues	11,578,110	1,409,137	2,252,051	1,248.105	723,894	172,460	22,563	754,333	18,160,653
Expenditures Current: Coneral government Public safety Health and saniation Social services Recreation and culture Highways and streets	5,572,546 671,960 229,542 122,581 132,602	400,613	2,356,335	2,159,878	578,848 146,859		909,033	140,586	11,398,405 3,733,794 229,542 787,203 132,602 1,432,637
Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges						371,147		115,000	486,147
Total Expenditures	6,729,231	1,833,250	4,698,735	2,159,878	725,707	1,552,875	909,033	946,449	19.555,158
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,848,879	(424,113)	(2,446,684)	(611,773)	(1,813)	(1,380,415)	(886,470)	(192,116)	(1,394,505)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Note proceeds Refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	1,869,732	1,352,755	2,461,333	1,270,848	356,242 (354,429)	6,025,000 (5,904,500) 695,775	850,000 164,222 (218,394)	368,562 (192,431)	850,000 6,025,000 (5,904,500) 8,539,469 (8,539,469)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,747,370)	509,795	2,461,333	956,695	1,813	816,275	795,828	176,131	970,500
Net change in fund balances	101,509	85,682	14,649	44,922		(564,140)	(90,642)	(15,985)	(424,005)
Fund balances, July 1, 2004	5,722,114	188,413	(44,824)	(30,356)		564,140		47,789	6,447,276
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$ 5,823,623	\$ 274,095	\$ (30,175)	\$ 14,566	s 0	8	\$ (90,642)	\$ 31,804	\$ 6,023,271

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

McCRACKEN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (424,005)
Capital outlays	1,586,697
Depreciation expense	(2,935,263)
Donated capital	15,233
Accrued property tax receivable	90,144
Issuance of notes receivable	275,000
Payment received on notes receivable	(19,579)
Additions to long term debt	(925,000)
Deferral of costs associated with bond issue	636,600
Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs	(29,170)
Repayment of principal on long term debt	486,147
Accrued interest on long-term debt	39,083
Accrued long-term compensated absences	 29,180
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	 (1,174,933)

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2005

	Er	iterprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Assets		
Current Assets:		0.064
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	2,364
Total Current Assets		2,364
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Furniture and equipment		47,544
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(43,035)
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,509
Total Assets		6,873
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	425
Due to governmental funds		21,000
Total Current Liabilities		21,425
Total Liabilities		21,425
Net Assets		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		4,509
Unrestricted		(19,061)
Total Net Assets		(14,552)
Total Liabilities and		
Net Assets	_\$	6,873_

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Er	terprise Fund
	C	Jail Canteen
		Fund
Operating Revenues		
Canteen commission		56,588
Total Operating Revenues		56,588
Operating Expenses		
Educational and recreational		44,557
Personnel costs		28,000
Depreciation expense		9,509
Rent expense		1,492
Total Operating Expenses		83,558
Operating Income (Loss)		(26,970)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income		18
Interest expense		(208)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(190)
Change in Net Assets		(27,160)
Net Assets, July 1, 2004		12,608
Net Assets, June 30, 2005	_\$	(14,552)

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		terprise Fund
	_	Jail anteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Commission earned	\$	56,588
Personnel costs		(14,000)
Educational and recreational		(45,787)
Operating lease rental payments		(1,492)
Net cash used by operating activities		(4,691)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Interest expense		(208)
Payment under capital lease obligation		(6,722)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(6,930)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest earned		18
Net cash provided by investing activities		18
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(11,603)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2004		13,967
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2005		2,364
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Used by Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	. \$	(26,970)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating		
Income To Net Cash Used		
By Operating Activities		
Decrease in Accounts Payable		(1,230)
Increase in Due to Governmental Fund		14,000
Depreciation Expense		9,509
Net Cash Used By Operating Activities	_\$	(4,691)

McCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

							Agen	Agency Funds				
				[<u>.</u>		(inclaimed	Į į į	Transient Room	Industrial Development	=		
	Car	Car Rental Tax Fund	_	Inmate Fund		Monies		Tax Fund	Construction		Totals June 30, 2005	3005
ASSETS											,	
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	69	1,203	€9	14,506	8	135,301	∽	129,085	٠	ea	280,095	095
Total Assets		1,203		14,506		135,301		129,085	r	<u> </u> 	280,095	095
LIABILITIES Amounts Held In Custody For Others		1,203		14,506		135,301		129,085	'		280,095	995
Total Liabilities	બ	1,203	69	14,506	₩	135,301	643	129,085	جه ا	\ 	280,095	095

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the McCracken County Fiscal Court includes the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court (primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the primary government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the fiscal court is financially accountable or whose exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units are those that either provides their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. Amounts related to blended component units are included as if the component unit was part of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organization provides their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organizations. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the primary government using the blended method.

McCracken County Public Properties Corporation

The McCracken County Fiscal Court appoints a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended within McCracken County's financial statements. All activities of the Public Properties Corporation are accounted for within a major (debt service) fund.

McCracken County has no discretely presented component units.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Additional - McCracken Constitutional Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- · County Sheriff

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the above officials from the geographic area constituting McCracken County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information on all governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally characterized by their use of taxes and intergovernmental revenues as funding sources. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in government-wide financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Therefore, deferred revenues are only reported for receipts of prepayments or revenues collected in advance (unearned revenues). Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues once provider-imposed eligibility requirements have been met.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference between the two shown as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. 2) restricted net assets – resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. 3) unrestricted net assets – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

A significant feature of the government-wide statement of activities is the presentation of each program's net cost. GAAP require the reporting of a program's net cost to indicate how self-sustaining the program is and to reveal the extent of reliance on other governmental units. Net cost is obtained by subtracting programs expenses from program revenues. Program expenses are those costs attributable to a particular function.

Program revenues are resources that derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the government that reduce the total expense of the benefiting functional activity to arrive at the net expense of the activity. The statement of activities categorizes program revenues into three groups: charges for goods, services, and other benefits; operating grants and contributions; and capital grants and contributions. Revenues not considered program revenues are classified as general revenues. General revenues include all taxes regardless of type.

D. Fund Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements are structured into three fund categories including governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Funds are characterized as either major or nonmajor. Major funds are those funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds of the category or type (governmental or enterprise funds), and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

All governmental fund statements are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on the flow of current financial resources. In accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are either collected within the current period or their collection is expected shortly after the end of the current period in time to meet current liabilities. The county generally includes those revenues to be received up to 60 days following the end of the accounting period. Revenues expected to be collected after 60 days beyond the end of the accounting period are considered unavailable and are reported as deferred revenues. Deferred revenues also include amounts received but unearned as of June 30.

In governmental funds, where the focus is on the flow of current resources, expenditures are usually recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Exceptions are: inventories, prepayments, and acquisition of capital assets which are recorded at the time of acquisition; principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as compensated absences which are recorded as expenditures in the period payment is made.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these revenues and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state, other counties for housing prisoners and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these revenues and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Sheriff Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the expenses of the sheriff's department. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and fees and fines collected. The Fiscal Court has chose to maintain these revenues and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Federal Grant Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for federal grant monies that are received and expended by the County.

Debt Service Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest of the McCracken County Public Properties Corporation.

Capital Projects Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the expenses incurred for the construction of capital assets.

The primary government also has the following nonmajor funds: Juvenile Justice Fund, State Grant Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, and Transient Room Holding Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Sheriff Fund, Federal Grant Fund, Juvenile Justice Fund, State Grant Fund, and Local Government Economic Assistance Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Debt Service Funds:

The Transient Room Holding Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the full accrual basis of accounting, recognizing revenues and expense when they occur, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. On the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, the term "expenses" (not "expenditures" as in governmental funds on a modified accrual basis) describes the decrease in economic benefits and emphasizes the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds' revenues and expenses are divided into operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Although not specifically defined by GAAP, operating revenues and expenses are considered to be those resources gained and consumed to produce and deliver goods and services that are central to that fund's particular purpose. Other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating. Operating and nonoperating expense are further characterized by object (personal services, depreciation expense, etc.).

Furthermore, the government has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Funds that use Proprietary Fund Accounting." As permitted by GASB Statement No. 20, the government's proprietary fund has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the revenues and expenses of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are defined as funds used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others which, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs. This category of funds includes agency funds. The government's fiduciary funds types are described below.

Agency Funds account for monies held by the County for custodial purpose only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus. However, the agency fund uses the accrual basis of accounting when recognizing payables and receivables.

The Agency funds of McCracken County are the Car Rental Tax Fund, Unclaimed Monies Fund, Jail Inmate Fund, Transient Room Tax Fund, and the Industrial Development Construction Fund.

As discussed previously, because the fiduciary fund resources are not available to support government programs, fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Inclusion of these funds would create a misleading view of the government's position and result of activities.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificate of deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents are reported at cost.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4). However, McCracken County did not have any investments as of June 30, 2005.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Receivables (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property tax, grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Disaggregation of accounts receivable are shown in Note 3.

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 7 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Fund financial statements for governmental funds expense capital assets when purchased. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed, or fair market value at the time of donation.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Assets are depreciated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The table below shows the useful life by asset type.

		Useful
	Capitalization	Life
	Threshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$ 20,000	20
Buildings/Building Improvements	20,000	50
Machinery and Equipment	10,000	10
Vehicles	10,000	5
Office Equipment	10,000	5
Infrastructure	20,000	15-50

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Fund Equity Reserves and Designations

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances, may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose and long-term receivables.

J. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues are treated as liabilities in the governmental funds until all requirements for revenue recognition are met.

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest is reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The County's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. Accumulated vacation leave is paid upon termination or retirement. The liability for accumulated vacation leave is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Accumulated sick leave is not recorded due to the contingent nature of the liability. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the County is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. The government-wide and fund financial statements serve as an analysis of the County's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstrate its stewardship over County resources.

The County complies with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds.

Note 3. Disaggregation of Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable

Accounts payable of the government represents amounts owed by the county as of June 30, 2005. Those liabilities that must be paid within one year are considered current. Amounts due after one year are deemed noncurrent liabilities. Accounts receivable are amounts owed to the government. Similar to accounts payable, any amounts to be received within one year are classified as current. All other receivables are noncurrent. For Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, the line indicating "Accounts Payable" and "Net Receivables" are described below.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, as used in the fund statements, amounts outstanding but owed at the end of the year may be recorded in one of two ways. If the receivable is measurable and expected to be collected within 60 days, revenue is recognized. However, if the receivable is not expected to be collected within 60 days, it is not considered to be available to liquidate the liabilities of the current period and will be reported as deferred revenue. Furthermore, unearned revenue is always reported as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is reported as a liability until meeting the criteria for revenue recognition.

Note 3. Disaggregation of Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable (Continued)

		Governmen	ntal Activities						
			•				Total		
		Major	Non-Major		Adjustment to	Go	overnme	ental	
Accounts Receivable		Funds	Funds		Full Accrual		Activiti	es	_
Taxes	\$	3,078,199			\$ 39,215	\$	3,117	7,414	1
Excess Fees		10,700					10	,700)
License and Permits		334,869					334	1,869)
Intergovernmental		591,045	65,70	06			656	5,751	
Charges for Services		119,666					119	,666	5
Miscellaneous Revenues		81,051					81	,051	_
Total Accounts Receivable	<u>\$</u>	4,215,530	\$ 65,7	<u>06</u>	\$ 39,215	<u>\$</u>	4,320	<u>,451</u>	
							ness-		
		C	al Astivitias			-	pe vities		
	_	Government	al Activities		Total	ACII	VILICS		
		Major	Non-Major	Go	overnmental	M	ajor	Tot	al Primary
Accounts Payable		Funds	Funds		Activities		and		vernment
General Government	\$	277,015	7 0.100	\$	277,015			\$	277,015
Protection to Persons and Property	Ť	382,641	23,372		406,013		425		406,438
General Health and Sanitation		10,309	ŕ		10,309				10,309
Social Services		59,563	58,655		118,218				118,218
Recreation and Culture		3,714			3,714				3,714
Road		53,709			53,709				53,709
Total Accounts Payable	\$	786,951	\$ 82,027	\$	868,978 \$		425	\$	869,403

Note 4. Notes Receivable

The County has a note receivable from the City of Paducah for fifty percent of a railroad spur project in the principal amount of \$125,000. Payment from the City is received monthly in conjuction with the terms of the County's lease payments for the financing of the project. Final payment is expected to be received by August 20, 2009.

The County has a note receivable from the City of Paducah for fifty percent of a speculative building project in the principal amount of \$150,000. Payment from the City is received monthly in conjunction with the terms of the County's lease payments for financing of the project. Final payment is expected to be received by July 20, 2010.

Note 5. Deposits

The County maintains deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of June 30, 2005, the County's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name, or provided surety bond which named the county as beneficiary/oblige on the bond.

The county's deposits are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the county at year-end.

		Bank Balance
Insured by FDIC		\$ 149,199
Collateralized with sec	urities held by pledging depository Institution in the County's name	6,386,528
Total		\$ 6,535,727

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Primary Government							
		Beginning				Ending		
Primary Government:	Balance		Increases	S Decreases		Balance		
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	1,719,363		\$	(1,719,363) \$			
Land and Land Improvements		1,376,582				1,376,582		
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated		3,095,945			(1,719,363)	1,376,582		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		27,927,145	2,730,312			30,657,457		
Furniture and Equipment		3,992,458	956,763		(301,999)	4,647,222		
Infrastructure		86,716 <u>,829</u>	315,031			87,031,860		
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		118,636,432	4,002,106		(301,999)	122,336,539		

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Less Accumulated Depreciation For:		((10.616.601)
Buildings	(13,162,451)	(454,150)				(13,616,601)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,012,194)	(303,296)		301,999		(3,013,491)
Infrastructure	 (48,877,329)	 (2,177,817)				(51,055,146)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(65,051,974)	(2,935,263)		301,999		(67,685,238)
Total Capital Assets, Being						_
Depreciated, Net	53,584,458	1,066,843				54,651,301
Governmental Activities Capital	 					
Assets, Net	\$ 56,680,403	\$ 1,066,843	<u>\$</u>	(1,719,363)	<u>\$</u>	56,027,883
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Vehicles & Equipment	\$ 47,544	\$	\$		\$	47,544
Total Capital Assets Being	 	 	~			
Depreciated	47,544					47,544
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Vehicles & Equipment	(33,526)	 (9,509)				(43,035)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(33,526)	(9,509)				(43,035)
Total Capital Assets, Being						
Depreciated, Net	14,018	(9,509)				4,509
Business-Type Activities Capital	 -					
Assets, Net	\$ 14,018	\$ (9,509)	\$	<u></u>	\$	4,509

Depreciation expense was charged to the function of general government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government-		
General Fund	S	282,370
General rund	Þ	,
Road Fund		2,321,813
Jail Fund		210,999
Sheriff Fund		77,402
Federal Grant Fund		42,679
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities		2,935,263
Business-Type Activities:		
Jail Canteen	\$	9,509
		- 1
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	9,509

Note 7. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Individual Fund Operating Transfers

Operating transfers during the year ended June 30, 2005, were as follows:

	Operating Transfers	Operating Transfers
Fund	 In	 Out
General Fund	\$ 1,869,732	\$ 6,617,102
Road Fund	1,352,755	842,960
Jail Fund	2,461,333	
Sheriff Fund	1,270,848	314,153
Federal Grant Fund	356,242	354,429
Juvenile Justice Fund	123,812	
State Grant Fund	244,750	180,982
Local Government Economic		
Assistance Fund		11,449
Capital Projects Fund	164,222	218,394
Debt Service Fund	 695,775	
Totals	\$ 8,539,469	\$ 8,539,469

Due To/From Balances

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Federal Grant Fund	\$	86,642	
General Fund	State Grant Fund		7,051	
Federal Grant Fund	General Fund		536	
Jail Fund	Jail Canteen Fund		21,000	

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The County has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 8.48 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 22.08 percent. These actuarially determined rates are established and amended by the Board of Trustees of the system and were equal to the required contributions for the year. The contribution requirements and the amounts contributed to CERS were \$1,232,229, \$973,610, and \$995,923, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

On November 9, 1982, the McCracken County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862.

Note 10. Lease Agreements

On May 18, 1999, the County entered into a lease agreement with Rape Victim Services for a building in which to conduct the activities of Rape Victim Services, Inc. The lease is for 99 years beginning in July, 1999. The lessee agreed to pay the County one dollar on or before January 1 of each year.

On February 21, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with the Family Service Society, Inc. for a building in which to conduct the activities of the Family Service Society, Inc. The lease is for five years beginning on February 21, 2003, and ending on February 21, 2008, or terminating on such date as the property is transferred from the McCracken County Fiscal Court to Family Service Society, Inc. The lessee agreed to pay the County one dollar on or before February 21 of each year.

On March 30, 2005, the Jail entered into an operating lease agreement with General Motors Acceptance Corporation for a truck in which to conduct the Class D's performance of litter abatement duties. Monthly payments are to be made beginning March 30, 2005, with final payment due on March 29, 2008. The jail commissary fund reflects \$1,492 in rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2005. Future payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Total		
June 30	Payment		
2006 2007 2008	\$	5,970 5,970 4,477	
Totals	\$	16,417	

On June 1, 2004, the City of Paducah ("City") and County entered into a lease agreement with the Paducah McCracken County Industrial Development Authority. The leased property is an approximately 100,000 square foot building located in Industrial Park West. This project was financed with the City's General Obligation Public Project Bonds, Series 2004, dated June 1, 2004, and the County's issuance of a note payable to the City for fifty percent of the project in the principal amount of \$2,500,000. The lease period commenced with the issuance of the bonds and ends on August 15, 2024. Lease payments are solely derived from revenues received from a sublease and payments are expected as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Total		
June 30		Payment	
2006			
2007			
2008	\$	338,162	
2009		405,795	
2010-2014		6,053,105	
Totals	\$	6,797,062	

Note 10. Lease Agreements (Continued)

On August 20, 2004, the County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) in the amount of \$250,000. This lease was authorized for the purpose of financing the construction of a railroad spur adjacent to the Industrial Park West building described above. The City of Paducah has issued a note payable to the County for fifty percent of the project in the principal amount of \$125,000. Monthly principal and interest payments are to be made beginning September 20, 2004, with final payment due on August 20, 2009. Prior to May 1 of each fiscal year during the lease term, the County is informed of the interest rate set for the next fiscal year. Based on the rate of 4.25 percent provided for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, future payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest		 Total Payment	
2006	\$ 48,273	\$	9,538	\$ 57,811
2007	49,712		7,084	56,796
2008	51,195		4,565	55,760
2009	52,723		1,964	54,687
2010	 8,939	_	69	 9,008
Totals	\$ 210,842	\$	23,220	\$ 234,062

On August 20, 2004, the County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) in the amount of \$300,000. This lease was authorized for the purpose of financing the replacement of the jail's roof. Monthly principal and interest payments are to be made beginning September 20, 2004, with the final payment due on August 20, 2009. Prior to May 1 of each fiscal year during the lease term, the County is informed of the interest rate set for the next fiscal year. Based on the rate of 4.25 percent provided for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, future payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	 				Total
June 30	 Principal Interest		Interest	Payment	
2006	\$ 57,927	\$	11,453	\$	69,380
2007	59,655		8,500		68,155
2008	61,435		5,479		66,914
2009	63,267		2,357		65,624
2011	10,727		83		10,810
Totals	\$ 253,011	\$	27,872	\$	280,883

Note 10. Lease Agreements (Continued)

On May 27, 2005, the County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) in the amount of \$300,000. This lease was authorized for the purpose of partially financing the Industrial Development Authority's construction of a new speculative building in the Industrial Park West. The City of Paducah has issued a note payable to the County for fifty percent of the project in the principal amount of \$150,000. Annual principal payments and monthly interest payments are to be made beginning July 20, 2005, with final payment due on July 20, 2010. Prior to May 1 of each fiscal year during the lease term, the County is informed of the interest rate set for the next fiscal year. Based on the rate of 4.25 percent provided for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, future payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Principal	Interest		Total Payment		
2006	\$ 45,000	\$	14,595	\$	59,595	
2007	45,000		10,864		55,864	
2008	50,000		8,378		58,378	
2009	50,000		5,854		55,854	
2010	55,000		3,105		58,105	
2011	55,000		243_		55,243	
Totals	\$ 300,000	\$	43,039	\$_	343,039	

Note 11. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, McCracken County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 12. Related Organizations

County officials are also responsible for appointing the members of boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond appointing authority. The organizations listed below are notable related organizations, which have not been included in the County's report.

Paducah-McCracken County Convention Center
Paducah-McCracken County Visitors Bureau
McCracken County Extension District
Paducah-McCracken County Joint Sewer Agency
West McCracken Water/Sewer District
Paducah-McCracken County Senior Citizens Center
Paducah-McCracken County Industrial Dev. Authority

Hendron Fire District Concord Fire Protection District McCracken County Public Library West McCracken Fire District Hendron Water District Lone Oak Fire District Reidland-Farley Fire District

Note 13. Joint Ventures

The County participates in several separate activities that are subject to joint control in which the County maintains an ongoing financial interest and responsibility. The following is a list of joint ventures in which the County is a participant.

Paducah-McCracken County 911
McCracken and Paducah Geographic Information System
Paducah-McCracken County Telecommunications/Information

Financial information relating to these joint ventures can be obtained in the separate audit of the City of Paducah, Kentucky.

Note 14. Long-term Debt

A. General Obligation Note Payable

On June 1, 2001, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$4,645,000. The note was authorized for the purpose of financing the County's contributions to the construction of additions and renovations to the Julian Carroll Convention Center and the construction of a new Four Rivers Center for the Performing Arts and for paying necessary expenses incidental to the Projects and the issuance of the City's General Obligation Bonds (the City's Bonds), Series 2001, dated June 1, 2001, in the principal amount of \$9,290,000. The note has interest rates of 3.5% to 5% and interest payments are to be made semi-annually beginning December 1, 2001. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with final payment due June 1, 2026.

Note 14. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. General Obligation Note Payable (Continued)

Under the provisions of KRS 91A.392, the County is entitled to levy and collect a transient room tax in the amount of 6% for the rent of rooms by motels, motor courts, hotels, inns and similar accommodation businesses for the benefit of the Paducah-McCracken County Tourist and Convention Commission (the Bureau) and the Paducah-McCracken County Convention Corporation (the Corporation). The County has entered into a certain Interlocal Cooperation Compact (the Compact) with the City, the Bureau, and the Corporation pursuant to KRS 65.210 through 65.300 (the Interlocal Cooperation Act). Under the terms of the Compact, the parties have agreed that 33 1/3% of the Room Tax (the Pledged Tax) shall be assigned to the City and pledged to the payment of the City's Bonds. In addition, the Compact provides that the difference between the annual principal and interest requirements of the City's Bonds and the pledged tax shall be borne equally by the County, the City and the Bureau. Therefore, the principal and interest payments due on the Note from the County to the City shall each year be subject to a credit in favor of the County equal to the total of (a) the Pledged Tax, plus (b) 33 1/3% of the Overage to be paid by the Bureau, plus (c) 33 1/3% of the Overage to be paid by the City.

The future note payments shown below are the maximum that would be paid by the County in the event that the room tax levied were to be declared unconstitutional. The future payments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended						Total		
June 30		Principal		Interest		Payment		
2006	\$	117,500	\$	168,500	\$	286,000		
2007		122,500		163,800		286,300		
2008		130,000		158,900		288,900		
2009		135,000		153,700		288,700		
2010		140,000		164,984		304,984		
2011-2015		815,000		743,372		1,558,372		
2016-2020		1,052,500		558,720		1,611,220		
2021-2025		1,377,500		294,500		1,672,000		
2026		322,500		16,125		338,625		
Totals	_\$_	4,212,500	\$	2,422,601	\$	6,635,101		

Note 14. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds Payable

On September 27, 1995, the County sold Public Project Revenue Bonds (Court Facilities Project), Series 1995 (the Bonds) through the McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation. The Bonds originally totaled \$7,290,000 and the proceeds were used to construct an approximately 43,000 square foot addition to the McCracken County Courthouse, to partially renovate the existing 41,000 square foot courthouse, to fund a Debt Service Reserve Fund, and to pay for the cost of issuance of the Bonds

On September 1, 2004, the McCracken County, Kentucky, Public Properties Corporation (Corporation) issued \$6,025,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds (2004 Series) with an average interest rate of 4.082 percent to advance refund \$5,950,000 of outstanding 1995 Series bonds with an average interest rate of 5.900 percent. The net proceeds of \$5,865,427 (after payment of \$39,073 in underwrite fees, insurance, and other issuance costs), plus an additional \$563,873 of 1995 Series Debt Service Reserve Fund monies were used to purchase securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with Bank of New York (escrow agent) to provide for all future Debt Service payments on the 1995 Series bonds. As a result, the 1995 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets.

The Corporation advance refunded the 1995 Series bonds to reduce its total Debt Service payments over the next 22 years by \$624,251 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the Debt Service payments on the old and new debt) of \$424,690.

The Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (A.O.C.) has agreed to pay 47.2%, with a maximum of \$246,800 annually to the paying agent on behalf of the Corporation as required by a Use and Sublease Agreement between the Public Properties Corporation and the A.O.C. dated September 1, 2004.

Note 14. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds Payable (Continued)

If the payment from the Sublease Agreement is not sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements of the bonds, the Corporation is contingently liable for the Administrative Office of the Court's payments. The future payments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities										
Fiscal Year Ended					Total						
June 30		Principal		Interest	Payment						
2006	\$	300,000	\$	221,873	-						
2007		310,000		212,723	522,723						
2008		310,000		203,423	513,423						
2009		320,000		193,973	513,973						
2010		330,000		183,810	513,810						
2011-2015		1,810,000		740,487	2,550,487						
2016-2020		1,345,000		407,457	1,752,457						
2021-2025		1,035,000		185,489	1,220,489						
2026-2027		265,000		7,719	272,719						
Totals	_\$_	6,025,000	\$	2,356,954	\$ 8,381,954						

C. General Obligation Note Payable

On May 1, 2004, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$2,500,000. The note was authorized for the purpose of financing the County's contributions to the acquisition, construction and installation of an approximately 100,000 square foot building to be leased by the City and County to the Paducah McCracken Industrial Development Authority and the issuance of the City's General Obligation Public Project Bonds, Series 2004, dated June 1, 2004, in the principal amount of \$5,000,000. The note has interest rates of 2.25% to 6% and interest payments are to be made semi-annually beginning December 1, 2004. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with the final payment due on June 1, 2024. The future payments are as follows:

Note 14. Long-term Debt (Continued)

C. General Obligation Note Payable (Continued)

	Governmental Activities										
Fiscal Year Ended					Total						
June 30		Principal		Interest	Payment						
2006	\$	80,000	\$	130,590	\$ 210,590						
	Φ	•	Φ	•	•						
2007		82,500		128,190	210,690						
2008		87,500		125,302	212,802						
2009		90,000		121,803	211,803						
2010		92,500		117,753	210,253						
2011-2015		542,500		513,834	1,056,334						
2016-2020		712,500		346,809	1,059,309						
2021-2024		732,500		113,100	845,600						
Totals	\$	2,420,000	\$	1,5 <u>97,381</u>	\$ 4,017,381						

D. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity	for the year ended	d June 30, 2005,	was as follows:		
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable, net of					
related discounts and					
reacquisition costs	\$ 6,155,000	\$ 104,170	\$ 841,600	\$ 5,417,570	\$ 242,819
Landfill Post-Closure	2,062,500			2,062,500	
Accrued Compensated					
Absences	368,915		29,180	339,735	
Oligations Under Capital					
Lease		850,000	86,147	763,853	151,200
Note Payable, net of					
related discounts	6,827,500		294,824	6,532,676	197,500
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 15,413,915	\$ 954,170	\$ 1,251,751	\$ 15,116,334	\$ 591,519
			 ,		
Business-Type Activities:					
Financing Obligations	\$ 6,722	\$	\$ 6,722	\$	
Financing Obligations	\$ 0,722	Φ	Ψ 0,722	Ψ	
Dusiness Type Activities					
Business-Type Activities	e 6.700	ď	e 6722	ድ	\$ 0
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,722	\$	\$ 6,722	\$	₽

Note 15. Interest on Long-term Debt

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$528,722 in interest on bonds.

Note 16. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

The County landfill closed to the public on June 30, 1995. McCracken County must comply with established state and federal landfill closure procedures and must perform maintenance and monitoring procedures at the site for thirty years after closure. The 30-year period will begin upon approval from the Commonwealth of Kentucky regarding the environmental condition of the landfill site. As of June 30, 2005, approval had not yet been granted. Estimated post-closure care costs total \$4,125,000 or \$125,000 per year plus 10% for inflation. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. In the year ending June 30, 2001, the County entered into an inter-local agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky to share equally the costs for post-closure and accordingly, the County has recorded a long-term liability for 50% of the estimated closure expense (See Note 20). The City of Paducah, Kentucky reimburses the County annually for its share of closure costs incurred during the fiscal year. It is anticipated that post-closure costs will be paid out of the General Fund to the extent that funds are available with any excess costs being funded using long-term borrowing.

Note 17. Other Commitments

On December 16, 2004, the Paducah-McCracken County Industrial Development Authority Economic Development Refunding and Improvement Revenue Notes, Series 2004 were approved, with both the City of Paducah and McCracken County Fiscal Court serving as guarantors. This is a variable rate 5-year note, with quarterly interest payments only due for the first two years. After that, monthly principal and interest payments will be made. The final balloon payment is due on the sixtieth month of the note. An agency agreement was signed between the County and the Industrial Development Authority assigning the County oversight of the financial activity of this project. The balance of the note at June 30, 2005, is \$584,523.

The Industrial Development Authority has financed a total of \$700,000 for the purpose of construction of a new speculative building. The entire loan balance will be due within 60 days of the sale or lease of the facility or within six years from the date of proceeds disbursement. The City of Paducah and the McCracken County Fiscal Court will serve as guarantor for this debt. The County signed an agency agreement with the Industrial Development Authority assigning the County oversight of the financial activity of this project.

Note 18. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Infrastructure historical cost is an estimate. The primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. This estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction.

Note 19. Related Party Transactions

The County paid Emergency Equipment Specialists, Inc., which is owned by a deputy of the Sheriff's department, \$86,696 for the installation of equipment for the Sheriff's department.

Note 20. Reclassification of Beginning Net Assets

Governmental Activities

In October of 2000, the County entered into an inter-local agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky to share equally the expenses related to the closure of the County landfill. Accordingly, a reclassification was made to the beginning fund balance as follows:

June 30, 2004, balance as previously reported Net asset adjustment	\$	49,238,655 2,062,500
JULY 1, 2004, BALANCE AS RESTATED	<u>\$</u>	51,301,155

				Genera	al Fu	nd			
		Budgeted	l Am o	ounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)			Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:		Original		Filiai	_	Dasis)	_	(Onder)	
Taxes:									
Property	\$	3,340,000	\$	3,340,000	\$	3,876,004	\$	536,004	
Payroll	~	4,200,000	-	4,200,000	•	4,492,184		292,184	
Payments in lieu of taxes		725,000		725,000		749,086		24,086	
Total Taxes		8,265,000		8,265,000		9,117,274		852,274	
Intergovernmental:									
Intergovernmental		125,000		125,000		360,997		235,997	
Total Intergovernmental		125,000		125,000		360,997		235,997	
Charges for services:									
County Clerk - excess fees		50,000		179,950		225,958		46,008	
County Attorney - excess fees		335,000		335,000		413,372		78,372	
Licenses and permits		272,000		272,000		398,323		126,323	
Charges for services		100,000		100,000		229,341		129,341	
Total Charges for Services		757,000		886,950		1,266,994	_	380,044	
Miscellaneous:									
Interest		30,000		30,000		114,386		84,386	
Rent		175,000		175,000		160,923		(14,077)	
Other		223,000		223,000		463,880		240,880	
Total Miscellaneous		428,000		428,000		739,189		311,189	
Total Revenues		9,575,000		9,704,950		11,484,454		1,779,504	

		d					
	Budgeted Amounts			A (B	Actual mounts udgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over
	 riginal		Final		Basis)		(Under)
Expenditures:							
General Government:							
Office of County Judge/Executive:							
Salaries:		•	00.040	•	00.077	æ	1
County Judge/Executive	\$ 83,511	\$	88,078	\$	88,077	\$	1
Deputy County Judge/Executive	34,606		35,899		35,898		l
Secretary	27,297		28,317		28,316		1
Office materials and supplies	5,000		1,973		1,972		i
Office equipment	3,500						
Office of County Attorney:							
Salaries:							
County Attorney	43,404		50,669		50,669		
Assistant	36,596		38,178		38,178		
Supervisor	28,811						
Secretaries	83,901		113,360		113,360		
Child support staff	288,702		326,848		326,848		
Office supplies	100		85		84		1
Office of County Clerk:							
County Clerk salary	600		600		600		
Legal notices, recording, and							
court cost	50,000		40,600		40,600		
Operating Costs	-		129,950		129,950		
Office of County Coroner:							
Salaries:							
County Coroner	44,966		47,941		47,940		1
Deputy Coroners	16,890		17,521		17,520		
Incentive pay	3,000						
Contract labor	1,000		900		900		
Autopsies and attendant service	10,000		11,827		11,827		
Supplies and materials	2,500		1,723		1,723		
Uniforms	1,000		1,054		1,054		
Registrations, conferences,							
and training	2,500		2,522		2,521		1
Travel	4,500		3,897		3,896		1
Other equipment	3,000		3,573		3,572		1

			d					
		Budgeted		Actual Amounts (Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over		
D 40 40 10		Original		Final		Basis)	_	(Under)
Expenditures: (Continued) General Government: (Continued)								
Fiscal Court: Commissioners:								
Salaries	\$	59,610	\$	61,902	\$	61,902	\$	0
	J	14,000	Ф	15,667	Ψ	15,666	Ψ	1
Incentive pay		8,500		10,330		10,329		1
Advertising Courthouse consultants		76,526		70,289		70,288		1
		30,000		36,985		36,985		•
Data processing services Office supplies		35,000		7,164		7,163		1
Memberships		12,000		11,428		11,428		•
Memberships KACO		2,500		11,420		11,420		
Postal charges		20,000		13,658		13,658		
Registrations, conferences,		20,000		15,050		15,050		
and training		15,000		10,170		10,169		1
Motor vehicles		180,000		195,398		195,398		-
Office of Property Valuation:								
Administration:								
Statutory contribution		101,300		101,300		101,298		2
Board of assessment		500		,		,		
Office of County Treasurer:								
County Treasurer salary		40,079		40,631		40,630		1
Office materials and supplies		2,000		1,786		1,786		
Registration conferences								
and training		1,500		1,788		1,788		
Office equipment		2,000		413		413		
Assistant County Treasurer		2,667						
Finance officer		34,605		35,898		35,898		
Office of Tax Administrator:								
Salaries:								
Supervisor		43,539		45,165		45,164		1
Assistant supervisor		30,027		31,149		31,148		1
Clerk		23,950		24,845		24,845		
Office materials and supplies		6,500		2,991		2,990		1
Travel		1,500		6,564		6,564		
Office equipment		2,100						
Data processing development		225,000		166,917		166,917		

	General Fund								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A (B	Actual mounts udgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Expenditures: (Continued)									
General Government: (Continued)									
County Law Library:									
Law Librarian salary	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1,200			
Elections:									
Board Members' fees		100		400		400	\$		0
Per diem:									
Election officers		50,000		18,300		18,300			
Election commissioners		3,360		140		140			
Tabulators		4,800		825		825			
Per diem and fees		11,000		6,805		6,805			
Advertising		12,000							
Maintenance and repairs - voting									
machines		1,000		907		906			1
Polling places		3,600		1,410		1,410			
Supplies and materials		18,500		7,252		7,251			1
Printing		60,000		47,643		47,642			1
Renewals and repairs		100		907		906			1
Economic Development:									
Planning Commission salaries		2,640		4,110		4,110			
Greater Paducah Economic									
Development Council		200,000		208,622		208,622			
Other		250,000		326,837		326,837			
County Administrator:									
Salaries:									
County Administrator		73,930		76,691		76,691			
Office supplies		1,500		3,331		3,331			
Travel		2,000		519		519			
Office equipment		1,500		1,986		1,986			

			i					
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual mounts udgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over	
	C	Priginal		Final		Basis)		(Under)
Expenditures: (Continued)								
General Government: (Continued)								
Courthouse:								
Salaries:	•	44.072	•	00.000	œ	22 221	er.	,
Custodial personnel	\$	44,963	\$	23,322	\$	23,321	\$	1
Maintenance and grounds		42.517		60.600		(0.522		
salaries		43,516		69,522		69,522		
Overtime pay		5,000		621		621		
Janitorial services		10,000		01.020		21 220		
Custodial supplies		15,000		21,239		21,238		1
Office supplies		100				2 (2 (
Uniforms		3,000		2,636		2,635		1
Renewals and repairs		85,000		70,259		70,259		
Utilities		125,000		133,675		133,675		
New equipment		50,000		5,993		5,993		
Courthouse Security:								
Salaries:								
Supervisor		41,009						
Secretary		26,895		27,900		27,900		
Security staff		125,000		108,067		108,066		1
Equipment		5,000		226		226		
Office supplies		2,000		87		87		
Uniforms		2,000		1,033		1,032		1
Registration, conferences		2,000		1,033		1,002		-
and training		2,000						
Travel		2,000						
Havel		2,000						
Administration:								
General services:								
Audit services		50,000		42,673		42,672		1
Planning consultant		50,000						
Purchase Area Development								
District		7,500		7,207		7,207		
Contributions		5,700		1,500		1,500		
Insurance:								
Buildings and contents		101,200		100,091		100,090		1
Errors and omissions		31,625		22,640		22,640		
Liability		63,250		63,962		63,962		
Fidelity & surety		2,750		1,970		1,969		1
Professional liability		82,500		81,723		81,723		
Vehicles and equipment		146,300		141,910		141,910		

		Budgeted	ounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over	
		Original		Final		Basis)		(Under)
General Government: (Continued)								
Administration: (Continued)	\$	135,000	\$	128,337	\$	128,370	\$	(33)
Telephone Miscellaneous	Þ	1,000	Ð	183,267	Ф	182,408	J	859
Fringe benefits:		1,000		165,207		102,400		657
County contributions:								
Social Security		210,000		225,099		225,098		Ī
Retirement		150,000		242,085		242,084		1
Health insurance		266,200		1,149,962		1,149,962		-
Unemployment insurance		29,000		15,596		15,596		
Workmen's compensation		55,000		104,413		104,413		
Contingent appropriations		450,000		<u>,</u>				
Total General Government		4,867,525		5,522,853		5,521,992		860
Public Safety:								
Building and Electrical Inspection								
Department:								
Salaries:								
Deputy		72,865		74,860		74,859		1
Supervisor		43,538		45,165		45,165		
Secretary		23,950		24,845		24,845		
Law enforcement		5,000		2,364		2,364		
Motor vehicle parts								
Office materials and supplies		3,800		4,830		4,830		
Registrations, conferences,								
and training		4,000		2,768		2,768		
Travel		7,000		4,541		4,540		1
Office equipment		2,200		1,227		1,227		
Litter abatement tech.		25,000		14,613		14,612		1
Code enforcement director		32,960		34,823		34,823		
Abatement materials				2 222		0.000		
and supplies		13,200		8,023		8,023		
Uniforms		350		129		129		
Travel		1,200		3,053		3,053		

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Under)
Expenditures: (Continued)				
Public Safety: (Continued)				
Department of Emergency Services:				
Salaries:				
Supervisor	\$ 37,080	\$ 38,465	\$ 38,465	\$ 0
Supplies and materials	39,000	109,644	109,644	
Renewals and repairs	3,500	9,635	9,635	
Utilities	6,000	8,102	8,102	
Communication equipment	14,000	11,667	11,667	
Other equipment	12,000	7,457	7,456	1
Ambulance service:				
Emergency 911	289,000	251,915	251,914	1
Forestry Fire Protection:				
Forest resource services	1,000	992	992	
Public defender allotment	8,190	8,190	8,189	1
Total Public Safety	644,833	667,308	667,302	6
Health and Sanitation:				
Dog control:				
Dog Warden	26,526	83,748	83,748	
Temporary/part-time help	1,500			
Animal food and supplies	4,000	16,765	16,764	1
Uniforms	500	1,736	1,735	1
Motor vehicle parts	5,000	1,526	1,526	
Contributions - Humane Society	8,800	17,740	17,740	
Travel	3,000	11,797	11,796	1
Sanitary Landfill:				
Engineering services	20,000	19,748	19,747	1
Evaluation and testing	50,000	43,404	43,404	
Explosive and drilling services	10,000			
Solid waste	30,000			
Registrations, conferences,				
and training	1,000			
Utilities	4,000	3,270	3,270	
Soil Conservation:				
Contribution	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total Health and Sanitation	189,326	224,734	224,730	4_

	General Fund									
	 Budgeted Original	unts Final	A (Bı	Actual mounts udgetary Basis)		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)				
Expenditures: (Continued)	 									
Social Services:										
Service to indigents:										
Family service	\$ 10,000	\$	20,432	\$	20,431	\$	1			
Senior Citizens Program:										
Contribution	13,500		13,500		13,500					
Cemeteries and memorials:										
Pauper burials	4,000		3,600		3,600					
Transportation	12,000		12,000		12,000					
Paducah Area Transit System	 45,000		70,000		70,000					
Total Social Services	 84,500		119,532		119,531		1			
Recreation and Culture: Carson Park: Salaries:										
Supervisor	44,052		45,698		45,697		1			
Uniforms	550									
Renewals and repairs	40,000		24,208		24,208					
Equipment	9,000									
New construction	5,000									
Utilities	25,000		35,775		35,774		1			
Other recreation programs:										
Contributions	55,000		16,956		16,955		I			
Capital outlay	 10,000		16,599		16,599					
Total Recreation and Culture	 188,602		139,236		139,233		3			
Total General Fund Expenditures	 5,974,786		6,673,663		6,672,788		874			

				Genera	l Fu	nd		
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over
		Original		Final		Basis)		(Under)
Revenues over (under) expenditures								
before other financing sources (uses)	_\$_	3,600,214	_\$_	3,031,287	_\$_	4,811,666	_\$_	1,780,378
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in						1,757,422		1,757,422
Transfers out		(5,712,409)		(5,712,409)		(6,618,747)		(906,338)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,712,409)	_	(5,712,409)		(4,861,325)		851,084
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,112,195)	\$	(2,681,122)	\$	(49,659)	\$	2,631,462
Fund balance, July 1, 2004		2,129,695		2,129,695		5,463,298		
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$	17,500	\$	(551,427)	\$	5,413,639		

				Road	Fun	ď		
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over
		Original		<u>Final</u>		Basis)		(Under)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:	•	0.67.000	æ	267.000	ø	204.071	¢.	27.071
Municipal road aid	\$	267,000	\$	267,000	\$	294,071	\$	27,071
County road aid		559,000		559,000		646,599		87,599
Road state grant		340,000		340,000	_	135,000		(205,000)
Total Intergovernmental		1,166,000		1,166,000		1,075,670		(90,330)
Fees and fines:								
Licenses and permits		196,000		196,000		210,236		14,236
Miscellaneous:								
Other	_	 				3,313		3,313
Total Revenues		1,362,000		1,362,000		1,289,219		(72,781)
Expenditures: General Government:								
Salaries:								
Road Supervisor		44,826		46,500		46,500		
Foreman		43,033		44,640		44,639		i
Office Supervisor		33,723		34,983		34,982		1
Contracts with private agencies		50,000		46,837		46,836		1
Office materials and supplies		4,000		3,074		3,074		
Registrations, conferences, and								
training		4,000		11,961		11,961		
Utilities		19,000		14,871		14,871		
Office equipment		3,000						
Insurance - liability		5,500						
Insurance - equipment		17,250						
Social Security		97,000		51,569		51,568		1
Retirement		80,000		59,973		59,973		
Health and dental insurance		122,000						
Workmen's compensation		75,000		89,590		89,590		
Total General Government		598,332		403,998		403,994		4

				Road	Func	i		
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Over
		Original		Final		Basis)		(Under)
Expenditures: (Continued)								
Highways and Streets: Road labor salaries	\$	680,789	\$	562,992	\$	562,991	\$	1
Overtime pay	J	50,000	Ψ	40,893	Ψ	40,893	•	•
County road aid		540,000		273,197		273,197		
Equipment rental		10,000		9,801		9,801		
Machinery and equipment		205,000		251,342		251,341		1
Road materials		199,755		240,841		240,841		
Uniforms		15,000		11,954		11,953		1
Renewals and repairs		10,000		4,004		4,003		1
Total Highways and Streets	_	1,710,544		1,395,024		1,395,020	_	4
Total Road Fund Expenditures		2,308,876		1,799,022		1,799,014		8
Revenues over (under) expenditures								
before other financing sources (uses)		(946,876)		(437,022)		(509,795)		(72,773)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		946,876		946,876		1,352,755		405,879
Transfers out	_					(842,960)		(842,960)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		946,876		946,876		509,795		(437,081)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				509,854			\$	(509,854)
Fund balance, July 1, 2004								
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$	0	\$	509,854	\$	0		

McCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Jail l	Fund		
	 Budgeted Original	. Amo	unts Final	A	Actual Amounts Sudgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	 					
Intergovernmental:						
State jail allotment	\$ 240,000	\$	240,000	\$	254,307	\$ 14,307
State medical allotment	115,000		115,000	-	15,699	 (99,301)
Total Intergovernmental	 355,000		355,000		270,006	 (84,994)
Fees and Fines:						
Housing prisoners	800,000		800,000		1,393,101	593,101
DUI fees	19,000		19,000		16,894	(2,106)
Court costs	30,000		30,000		33,171	3,171
Jail bond acceptance fees	10,000		10,000		4,680	(5,320)
General prisoner fees	 50,000		50,000		71,610	 21,610
Total Fees and Fines	 909,000		909,000		1,519,456	 610,456
Miscellaneous:						
Telephone commissions	150,000		150,000		225,523	75,523
Work release	50,000		50,000		125,772	75,772
Other	 35,000		35,000		51,173	 16,173
Total Miscellaneous	 235,000		235,000		402,468	 167,468
Total Revenues	 1,499,000		1,499,000_		2,191,930	 692,930
Expenditures: General Government: Office of Jailer:						
Personnel services: Salaries:						
Jailer	83,511		92,199		92,199	
Jail personnel	914,228		1,029,141		1,029,140	1
Medical personnel	97,555		107,157		107,156	1
Secretaries	58,599		60,787		60,786	1
Food service personnel	170,429		174,210		174,209	1
Maintenance and grounds	110,727		,210		- · ·,=- ·	-
personnel	112,916		98,046		98,045	1
Incentive pay	3,500		3,194		3,194	-
Overtime pay	120,000		232,003		232,003	

McCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Under)
Expenditures: (Continued)				
General Government:				
Fringe benefits:				
County contributions:				
Social Security	\$ 125,000	\$ 123,092	\$ 123,092	\$
Retirement	345,000	378,704	378,703	1
Insurance	37,950			
Health insurance	470,000			
Workmen's compensation	90,000	107,508	107,508	
General services:				
Memberships	2,200	1,500	1,500	
Registrations, conferences,	4 000	. 0.40	1.045	•
and training	5,000	1,848	1,847	1
Total General Government	2,635,888	2,409,389	2,409,382	7
Dublic Cofeten				
Public Safety:				
Operations:				
Contracts with government	25,000			
agencies Maintenance:	25,000			
Building repairs	20,000	314	313	1
Equipment repairs	50,000	92,719		•
Pest control	3,000	5,495	5,495	
Solid waste	2,000	52	52	
K-9 supplies	1,500	187	187	
Building and maintenance	1,000			
supplies	20,000	22,686	22,686	
Custodial supplies	60,000	201,877	201,877	
Food preparation and serving	•	•		
supplies	20,000	34,023	34,022	1
Food	600,000	787,152	787,151	1
Linens	10,000	17,248	17,247	1
Office supplies	9,000	24,409		
Personal hygiene	40,000	32,400	32,399	1
Prisoner clothing	20,000	28,570	28,570	
Uniforms	20,000	22,620	22,619	l
Routine medical	300,000	511,545	511,545	
Mental health	60,000	60,000		
Telephone	3,000	8,981	8,980	1
Travel	2,000		050 54-	•
Utilities	220,000	272,746		1
Vehicle expense	5,000	15,957		i 1
Miscellaneous	1,000	7,208		1
Lease payments	15,000	40,595		,
Communication equipment	5,000	13,476		1
Data processing equipment	10,000	14,846		
Food service equipment	10,000 5,000	27,243 983		
Furniture and fixtures	3,000	983 560		
Office equipment	3,000	300		
Total Public Safety	1,539,500	2,243,892	2,243,881	11
Total Jail Fund Expenditures	4,175,388	4,653,281	4,653,263	18

McCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Jail	Fund	
		Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Under)
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(2,676,388)	(3,154,281)	(2,461,333)	692,948
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	2,676,388	2,676,388	2,461,333	215,055
				. 455.000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(477,893)	\$	\$ 477,893
Fund Balances, July 1, 2004				
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$	\$ (477,893)	\$	

		Sherif	f Fund	
		Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Under)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental:		•	0 (004	6 (004
Incentive pay	<u> </u>		\$ 6,924	\$ 6,924
Total intergovernmental			6,924	6,924
Fees and fines:				
Sheriff fees	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,247,786	97,786
Stietti ices	1,150,000	1,130,000	1,247,700	77,700
Total fees and fines	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,247,786	97,786
Miscellaneous:				
Other	3,000	3,000		(3,000)
				
Total Revenues	1,153,000	1,153,000	1,254,710	101,710
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Salaries:				
Sheriff	83,511	88,078	88,077	1
Deputies	1,097,500	1,033,517	1,033,517	
Overtime pay	110,000	168,440	168,439	1
Incentive pay	117,800	109,407	109,407	
Law enforcement service fees	1,500	1,177	1,177	
Advertising tax bills	48,000	55,631	55,631	
Ammunition	2,000	102	102	
Motor vehicle parts	54,000	78,958	78,958	
Office materials and supplies	28,000	20,919	20,919	
Petroleum products	70,000	88,370	88,369	1
Uniforms	16,000	11,423	11,423	
Gun range	2,500	2,500	2,500	
Postal charges	15,000	13,479	13,478	1
Travel	15,000	6,892	6,892	
Communication equipment	12,000	12,555	12,554	1
Other equipment	15,000	10,147	28,236	(18,089)
Registrations, conferences, and				
training	3,500	3,086	3,086	
Fringe benefits:				
Social Security	109,034	96,239	96,239	
Retirement	311,000	300,813	300,812	1
Health insurance	258,300	2,000	1,999	1
Workmen's compensation	75,000	89,590	89,590	
Total Sheriff's Fund Expenditures	2,444,645	2,193,323	2,211,405	(18,082)
Revenues over (under) expenditures				
before other financing sources (uses)	\$ (1,291,645)	\$ (1,040,323)	\$ (956,695)	\$ 83,628

MCCRACKEN COUNTY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Sherif	f Fund	
		Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis)	(Under)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,291,645	1,291,645	1,270,848 (314,153)	20,797 314,153
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,291,645	1,291,645	956,695	334,950
Revenues over (under) expenditures		251,322	=	(251,322)
Fund balance, July 1, 2004				
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	<u> </u>	\$ 251,322	\$	

MCCRACKEN COUNTY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Federal G	rant F	`und	
	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual amounts udgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	 71 Iginai		Tinai		Dasisj	 Cildery
Intergovernmental:						
Federal reimbursements	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	774,234	\$ 524,234
Total Revenues	250,000		250,000		774,234	524,234
Expenditures:						
Federal Grants:						
Federal Grant Expenditures	 300,000		585,592		711,725	 126,133
Total Federal Grant Fund Expenditures	 300,000		585,592		711,725	126,133
Revenues over (under) expenditures						
before other financing sources (uses)	 (50,000)		(335,592)		62,509	 398,101
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	50,000		50,000		355,706	(305,706)
Transfers out	 				(369,377)	 369,377
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 50,000		50,000		(13,671)	63,671
Revenues over (under) expenditures			(285,592)		48,838	\$ 334,430
Fund balances, July 1, 2004	 			_		
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$ 	\$	(285,592)		48,838	

		Debt Serv	vice Fund	
		l Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Over
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis)	(Under)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental: State reimbursements	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 171,134	\$ (53,866)
Miscellaneous:				
Interest	2,000	2,000	1,326	(674)
Total Revenues	227,000	227,000	172,460	(54,540)
Expenditures: Debt Service:				
Bond principal payments	205,000	205,000	287,278	(82,278)
Bond interest payments	189,000	530,572	521,769	8,803
Convention Center bond payment	65,000	61,259	61,259	
Contingent appropriations	350,000	248,425	600 560	248,425
Investment fees		37,269_	682,569	(645,300)
Total debt service fund expenditures	809,000	1,082,525	1,552,875	(470,350)
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(582,000)	(855,525)	(1,380,415)	415,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bond proceeds			6,025,000	(6,025,000)
Payment to escrow agent			(5,904,500)	5,904,500
Transfers in Transfers out	582,000	604,564	695,775	(91,211)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	582,000	604,564	816,275	(211,711)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(250,961)	(564,140)	\$ 627,521
Fund balances, July 1, 2004			564,140	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$	\$ (250,961)	\$ 0	

MCCRACKEN COUNTY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Capital Pro	ojects	Fund		
	Budge Original	ted Amo			Actual Amounts Sudgetary Basis)	,	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental: Interlocal agreement			780,481		722,563	\$	(57,918)
Total Revenues			780,481		722,563		(57,918)
Expenditures: Capital Projects: Rail Spur Capital Outlay Jail Roof Capital Outlay Building Construction			250,000 313,331 879,372		250,000 313,331 879,372		
Total Capital Project Fund Expenditures			1,442,703		1,442,703		
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)			(662,222)		(720,140)		(57,918)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Note proceeds Transfers in Transfers out			850,000 (22,564)		850,263 164,222 (173,454)		(263) (164,222) 150,890
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			827,436		841,031		(13,595)
Revenues over (under) expenditures			165,214		120,891	_\$	(44,323)
Fund balances, July 1, 2004							
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$	\$	165,214	\$	120,891		

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Office. A formal budget is not adopted for the McCracken County Public Improvement Corporation Fund and Jail Canteen Fund.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the McCracken County Public Improvement Corporation Fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific annual payments to these funds and these transfers are budgeted in the governmental funds.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Jail Canteen Fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses made from these funds.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

BUDGETARY RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES - MAJOR FUNDS

	-	General Fund		Road Fund	Jail Fund	Sheriff Fund	ŀ	Federal Grant Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund
Sources/Inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	69	11,484,454	€9	1,289,219	\$ 2,191,930	\$ 1,254,710	₩	774,234	v٩	172,460	€9	722.563
Differences budget to GAAP: The County budgets for revenues only to the extent they are expected to be received, rather than on the modified accrual basis.		93,656		119,918	60,121	(6,605)		(50,340)				(700,000)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	↔	11,578,110	4	\$ 1,409,137	\$ 2,252,051	\$ 1,248,105	64	723,894	8-8	172,460	so.	22,563
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	€5	6,672,788	↔	1,799,014	\$ 4,653,263	\$ 2,211,405	4	711,725	6-3	1,552,875	69	1,442,703
The County budgets for claims only to the extent they are expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis.		56,443		34,236	45,472	(51,527)		13,982				(533.670)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	84	6,729,231	60	\$ 1,833,250	\$ 4,698,735	\$ 2,159,878	↔	725,707	↔	1,552,875	€	909,033

McCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Other Supplementary Information JUNE 30, 2005

		Ø	pecial	Special Revenue Funds	spı				Debt Service Fund		
		Juvenile Justice Fund		State Grant Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	l	Totals	I I	Transient Room Holding Fund	No Gove	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash in bank Accounts receivable Due from other funds	↔		69	1,350	89	6	1,350 65,706	€9	55,176	55	56,526 65,706
TOTAL ASSETS	69		€2	67,056	64 ;	8	67,056	₩	55,176	8	122,232
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	69	23,372	69	58,655	ь	↔	82,027	€9		€9	82,027
Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total Liabilities		23,372		7,051 1,350 67,056			1,350				1,350
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Debt service Other		(23,372)					(23,372)		55,176		55,176 (23,372 <u>)</u>
Total Fund Balances		(23,372)					(23,372)		55,176		31,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	64	0	8	67,056	8	s>	67,056	⇔	55,176	89	122,232

McCRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Other Supplementary Information FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	3,	special	Special Revenue Funds	qs				Debt Service Fund	bt ice nd		
					Local						
	Juvenile		State	G E	Government Economic			Transient Room	sient om	ž	Total Non-Major
	Justice Fund		Grant Fund	Asi	Assistance Fund		Total	Holding Fund	fing nd	Gove	Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental	€9	6 9	203,772	€9	11,449	69	215,221	€9	539,112	89	215,221
Total Revenues			203,772		11,449		215,221		539,112		754,333
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Social services	140,586		267,540				140,586 267,540	.,	250,223		140,586
Debt service: Principal Interest									115,000		115,000
Total Expenditures	140,586		267,540				408,126		538,323		946,449
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(140,586)		(63,768)		11,449		(192,905)		789		(192,116)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Note proceeds Transfers in Transfers out	123,812		244,750 (180,982)		(11,449)		368,562 (192,431 <u>)</u>				368,562 (192,431)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	123,812		63,768		(11,449)		176,131				176,131
Net change in fund balance Fund balances, July 1, 2004	(16,774)						(16,774) (6,598)		789		(15,985)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$ (23,372)	⊗ ∥	0	-1 <i>L</i> -	0	69	(23,372)	69	55,176	64)	31,804

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Other Supplemental Information

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of McCracken County.
- 2. There are no reportable conditions or material weaknesses relative to the audit of the financial statements reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of McCracken County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. There are no audit findings relative to the internal control over major federal award programs for McCracken County.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for McCracken County expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for McCracken County.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:
 - A. Homeland Security Grant Program CFDA No. 97.067
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. McCracken County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Material Weaknesses

There were no material weaknesses related to the financial statements in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

Reportable Conditions

There were no reportable conditions related to the financial statements in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Material Weaknesses

There were no material weaknesses related to the Federal Awards in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

Reportable Conditions

There were no reportable conditions related to the Federal Awards in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The audit report for the year ended June 30, 2004, contained no "audit findings".

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Cash Programs:	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:			
Passed-through Kentucky Department of			
Military Affairs:			
State Domestic Preparedness Equiment Support Program			
Homeland Security Grant - Part 1	97.067	M-03138124	\$ 799
Homeland Security Grant - Part 2	97.067	M-03254738	50,171
Hazardous Material Team - Part 1	97.067	M-02312992	184,359
Hazardous Material Team - Part 3	97.067	M-03255125	139,971
Hazardous Material Team - Vehicle	97.067	M-03140340	120,000
Hazardous Material Team - Administrative	97.067	M-03255396	9,873
Hazardous Material Team	97.067	M-04600504	9,225
CERT	97.067	M-08432646	1,995
Anti-Terrorism Enhancement	97.067	M-04600450	62,455
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.067		22,843
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			601,691
U.S. Department of Justice:			
Passed-through Kentucky Justice Cabinet:			
Title V - Delinquency Prevention Program	16.548	2001-JP-FX-0021	7,346
Title V - Delinquency Prevention Program	16.548	2002-JP-FX-0001	26,264
Direct program:			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2002CMWX0064	11,514
Total U.S. Department of Justice			45,124
U.S. Department of Commerce:			
Passed-through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet:			
Economic Adjustment Assistance			
Industrial Park West Project	11.307	04-49-04948	3,857
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Passed-through Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228		108,375
U.S. Department of the Interior:			
Passed-through Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development			
Federal Land and Water Conservation Fund	15.916		16,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 775,447

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Other Supplemental Information

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

This schedule is presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Danny Orazine, McCracken County Judge/Executive Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

We have audited the financial statements of McCracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered McCracken County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to the Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court of McCracken County, Kentucky in a separate letter dated October 12, 2005.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McCracken County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control over compliance and other matters which we reported to the Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court of McCracken County, Kentucky in a separate report dated October 12, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kemper CH Sharp CCP Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Paducah, Kentucky October 12, 2005

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Danny Orazine, McCracken County Judge/Executive Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of McCracken County, Kentucky with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. McCracken County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of McCracken County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on McCracken County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about McCracken County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of McCracken County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, McCracken County, Kentucky complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of McCracken County, Kentucky is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered McCracken County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

218 North 5th Street Paducah, KY 42001 Phone: (270)443-4400 Fax: (270)443-0963



504A Market Street ■ Metropolis, IL 62960 Phone: (618)524-4823 Fax: (618)524-4731 Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court McCracken County, Kentucky Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Kenne CFA Lineur LCF Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Paducah, Kentucky October 12, 2005

Appendix A

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE – LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE – LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Appendix A

The McCracken County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Name

County Treasurer